Fiscal Estimate - 2007 Session

\boxtimes	Original	-	Updated		Corrected	d [Supple	emental
LRB	Number	07-4209/1		Intro	duction	Number	AB-093	39
Descri creatio	<mark>iption</mark> on of regional	transit authorit	ies, requiring a ref	erendum	n, and mak	ing appropri	ations.	
Fiscal	Effect						n en profession franches (no fra	
	No State Fisc Indeterminate Increase Appropria Decrease Appropria	e Existing tions Existing	Increase Revenue Decrease Revenue	s Existing	L	Increase Co to absorb w \[\] Ye Decrease C	vithin agency es	e possible /'s budget
	No Local Go Indeterminat 1. Increas Permis 2. Decrea	e Costs sive ☐Mandat	3. ☑ Increase ory ☑ Permissiv 4. ☑ Decrease	∕e∏Ma e Revenu	e Indatory Je	Types of Loc Government Affected Towns Countie	t Units Village Others	Regional Transit Authorities
	Sources Aff		PRS SEC	a 🔲 s	Affect EGS	eted Ch. 20	Appropriati	ons
Agend	cy/Prepared	Ву	Aut	horized	Signature			Date
DOR/	Paul Ziegler	(608) 266-5773	Pau	ıl Ziegler	(608) 266-	5773		4/4/2008

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 4/4/2008

LRB Number	07-4209/1	Introduction Number	AB-0939	Estimate Type	Original	
Description						
creation of reg	ional transit autho	rities, requiring a referend	um, and mak	king appropriation	S	

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill allows most cities, villages, towns, and counties to create a Regional Transit Authority (RTA) to establish or aquire a unified local transportation system (defined as a bus, rail, or other mass transit system). An RTA may operate the system or provide for its operation by another organization. An RTA may be formed if the combined population of the participating localities is at least 50,000. If the RTA is authorized to develop or operate a fixed-route (rail) transit system, the population of the RTA must be at least 375,000. In determining the population of an RTA, the population of any participating county is excluded unless the county contains a 1st class city.

The jurisdictional area of an RTA is the area of the participating localites except that for counties (other than counties containing a 1st class city), only the area that is contained within participating municipalites within the county is included in the RTA.

In a county that contains a 1st class city, only the county and not any municipality in the county may join an RTA and the jurisdictional area of the RTA includes the entire area of the county.

An RTA may adopt a sales tax of up to 0.5% if adopted by resolution by all participating local governments. In addition, the locality's participation in an RTA, any sales tax adopted by an RTA, and any rail system an RTA is to develop or operate must be approved by the voters of each participating locality by referenda. If a county is a member of an RTA, any sales tax adopted by the RTA is effective only within the municipalities in the county that are also members of the RTA, unless the county contains a 1st class city, in which case the tax is applied throughout the entire county. A participating county or municipality may make a contribution of funds to the RTA when the locality joins the RTA. After this time, however, a participating municipality or county may not use any locally generated revenue, including property and sales tax revenues, to fund any transit system, including the RTA. The bill provides 1.5% of RTA sales tax collections to the Department of Revenue (DOR) for the department's costs to administer RTA taxes.

Since the maximum RTA sales tax rate is equal to the rate that counties may impose as a county sales tax, county sales tax collections provide an upper bound for estimated RTA sales tax collections. For the 60 counties that currently impose this 0.5% tax, the attached table provides information on calendar year 2007 county sales tax distributions (including the 0.5% Football Stadium tax in Brown County). To the degree that not all municipalities in a county join an RTA or the RTA tax rate is less than the maximum rate of 0.5%, county sales tax collections overstate the amounts that could be generated under the bill. Since retailers do not report sales by municipality, or by county for those counties with no county sales tax, no accurate projections are available of potential RTA sales tax collections by municipality or for counties without a county sales tax.

Total local government expenditures on mass transit may increase under the bill if RTA sales tax collections are used to provide additional funding for transit beyond current revenues. Since participating counties and municipalities will be prohibited from funding transit systems, property tax collections currently used to support transit systems may decline or may be reallocated to other expenditures. County and municipal transit expenditures would be expected to decline as RTAs assume responsibility for transit systems.

DOR would incur costs to develop and maintain the databases necessary to administer RTA taxes. These costs would vary depending on the number and characteristics of localities that join RTAs and impose RTA sales taxes. If RTA taxes become widespread, these costs could be substantial. In addition, DOR would incur one-time costs of \$177,000 each time RTA taxes require mailings to all state sales tax filers to inform them of changes in RTA taxes. Additional costs would also be incurred to develop forms and audit additional lines on sales tax returns.

Depending on the rates at which RTA sales taxes are imposed and the localities involved, Department of Revenue costs to administer RTA sales taxes may exceed the 1.5% of collections that the bill provides for

the department's expenses for this purpose.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

County Sales Tax Distributions -- 2007

Adams	\$1,259,615	Marathon	\$10,646,319
Ashland	1,154,628	Marinette	2,694,223
Barron	3,330,602	Marquette	753,971
Bayfield	895,207	Milwaukee	64,448,566
Brown*	20,665,356	Monroe	2,555,868
Buffalo	598,090	Oconto	1,502,513
Burnett	825,939	Oneida	3,649,333
Chippewa	3,616,310	Ozaukee	6,045,166
Columbia	3,446,084	Pepin	370,726
Crawford	1,275,967	Pierce	1,533,697
Dane	43,021,992	Polk	2,327,040
Dodge	4,866,845	Portage	4,958,596
Door	3,108,418	Price	787,981
Douglas	3,367,699	Richland	898,370
Dunn	2,187,090	Rock**	6,030,193
Eau Claire	7,993,786	Rusk	1,102,006
Florence	208,568	St Croix	5,095,251
Forest	437,898	Sauk	7,000,303
Grant	2,407,314	Sawyer	1,538,946
Green	1,975,086	Shawano	2,177,224
Green Lake	1,051,024	Taylor	944,208
Iowa	1,449,966	Trempealeau	1,370,667
Iron	433,701	Vernon	1,254,346
Jackson	1,160,946	Vilas	2,025,780
Jefferson	5,046,900	Walworth	7,561,568
Juneau	1,320,604	Washburn	1,242,703
Kenosha	9,991,029	Washington	9,007,091
La Crosse	9,562,276	Waupaca	2,811,154
Lafayette	648,152	Waushara	1,040,013
Langlade	1,312,015	Wood	5,014,805
Lincoln	1,514,389		

^{*}Brown County figure represents distributions under the 0.5% Professional Football Stadium Tax.

^{**}Rock County amount is for eight months.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2007 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

☑ Original ☐ Updat	ed	Supplemental	
LRB Number 07-4209/1	Introduction Number	r AB-0939	
Description creation of regional transit authorities, re	quiring a referendum, and making app	ropriations.	
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts			
annualized fiscal effect):			
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fiscal	mpact on funds from:	
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs	
A. State Costs by Category			
State Operations - Salaries and Fringe	es \$	\$	
(FTE Position Changes)			
State Operations - Other Costs	en e	erger	
Local Assistance			
Aids to Individuals or Organizations			
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$	
B. State Costs by Source of Funds			
GPR		Ethiopis esserent on the management of the first of entrances of	
FED			
PRO/PRS			
SEG/SEG-S			
III. State Revenues - Complete this on revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease		ecrease state	
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev	
GPR Taxes	\$	\$	
GPR Earned			
FED		V 441	
PRO/PRS			
SEG/SEG-S			
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$	
NET AN	INUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT		
	State	Local	
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$see text	\$see text	
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$	\$see text	
A.:			
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date	
DOR/ Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773	Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773	4/4/2008	